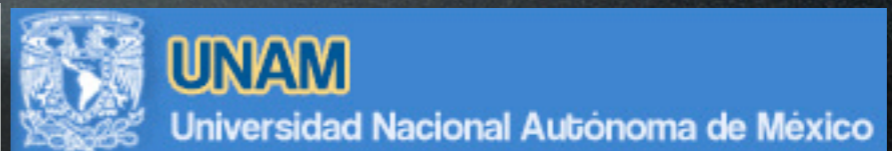


# Synoptic All-Sky Infrared (SASIR) Survey

◆ Overview ◆



*Josh Bloom (UC Berkeley)*

<http://sasir.org>

<http://www.inaoep.mx/~progharo/gh2008/>

# Outline

- ▶ *Overview of the Survey & the Science*
- ▶ *Series of Questions & Goals for this Workshop*
- ▶ *Timeline for Action & Decisions*

# *SASIR vision: In a Nutshell*



6.5 meter telescope  
(Magellan-inspired)

- site: San Pedro Mártir
- $\sim 0.8^\circ$  diameter field of view
- **Filters:** Y J H K (3 dichroics)
- cover entire sky in  $\sim 3$  months;  
4 year survey
- “shallow” ( $\sim 2.5 \pi$ ; 12 visits per filter), “medium” ( $0.5 \pi$ ; 200 visits) & “deep” ( $\sim 1000$  sq deg;  $10^3+$  visits) surveys

**New Phase Space:**  
*Aperture + wavelength +  
Field of View + Time*

# Backdrop: Modern OIR Large-Area Surveys

2MASS [1997 - 2000]

4  $\pi$ , simultaneous JHKs on 1.3m telescopes, 2500+ papers

Sloan Digital Sky Survey (SDSS I & II) [2000 - 2008]

$\sim 1.5 \pi$  (North), ugriz on 2.5m, 250 sq. deg synoptic

Pan-STARRS [2008 - 2011]

$\sim 2.5 \pi$  (North), ugrizy on 1.8m, 20000 sq. deg synoptic

LSST [2013 - 2020?]

$\sim 2.5 \pi$  (South), ugrizy on 8.5m, 30000 sq. deg synoptic

JDEM/SNAP [2013 - 2018?]

$\sim 4 \pi$  (space), ugrizyJH on 2m?, 5000 sq. deg synoptic

# Multi-threaded Science Goals

## Static Sky

- ▶ uncover the entire brown dwarf & Y dwarf population with 25 pc
- ▶ IMF studies (*A. Porras*)
- ▶ dwarf/dark matter problem & Galactic structure (*O. Valenzuela*)
- ▶ galaxy evolution studies (*V. Ávila-Reese*)
- ▶ galaxy clusters  $z > 1$  (*A. Stanford*)
- ▶ lensing (w/ GTC & LMT) (*J. A. de Diego*)
- ▶ obscured quasars (*B. Becker*)
- ▶ high-redshift quasars  $z > 7$  (*J. X. Prochaska*)

# Multi-threaded Science Goals

## Transients

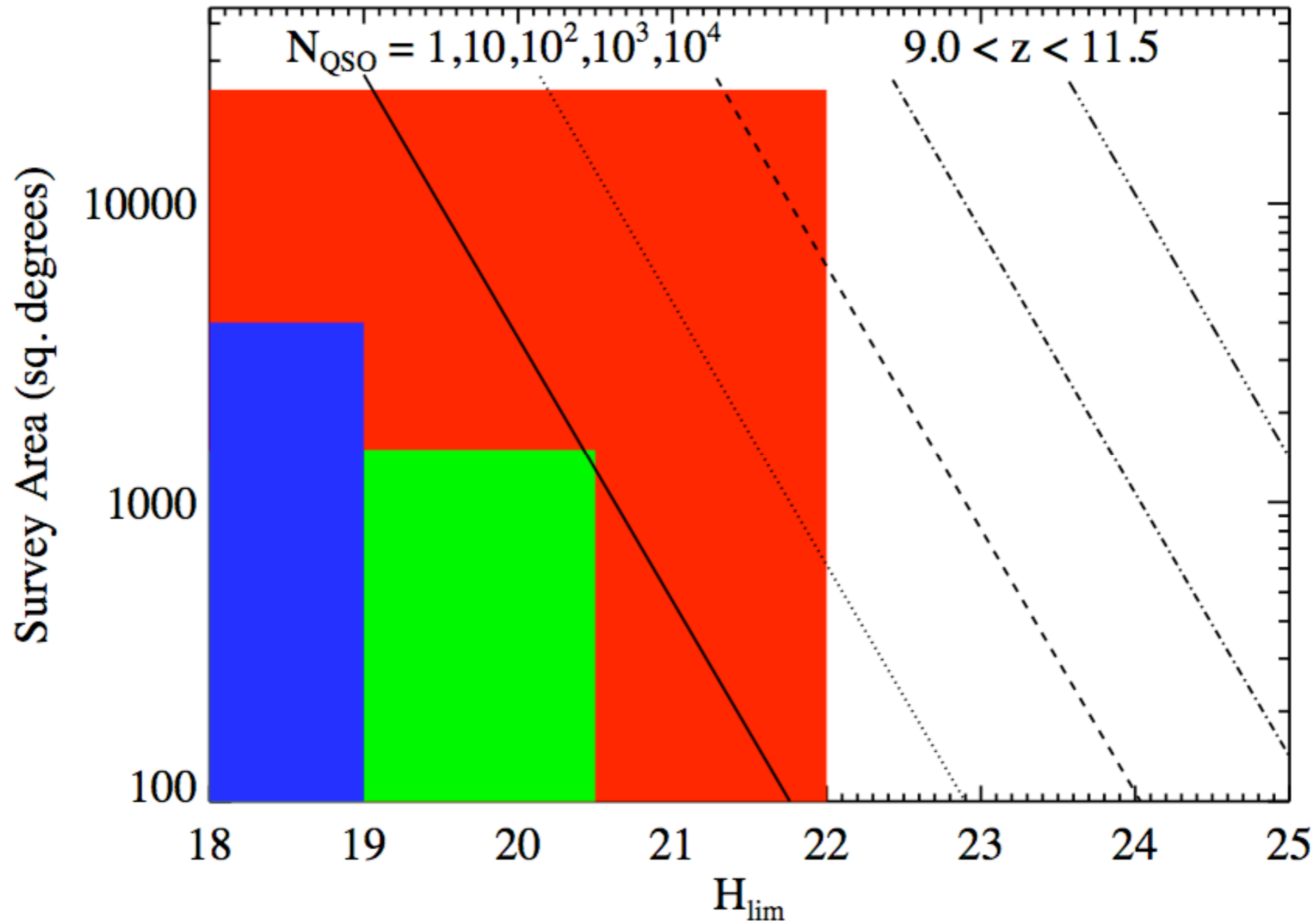
- ▶ fast transients (orphan GRB afterglows?)
- ▶ local distance scale ( $< 4$  Mpc) with Mira Variables (*L. Georgiev*)
- ▶ exoplanet transit survey
- ▶ cosmology/distance ladder: supernovae, RR Lyrae, etc.
- ▶ E&M connection to GWs (advanced LIGO) & cosmic particles
- ▶ high redshift transients (e.g. GRBs)
- ▶ connection to high-energy universe (*T. Miyaji, A. Carramiñana*)

## Critical Connection to Other Projects

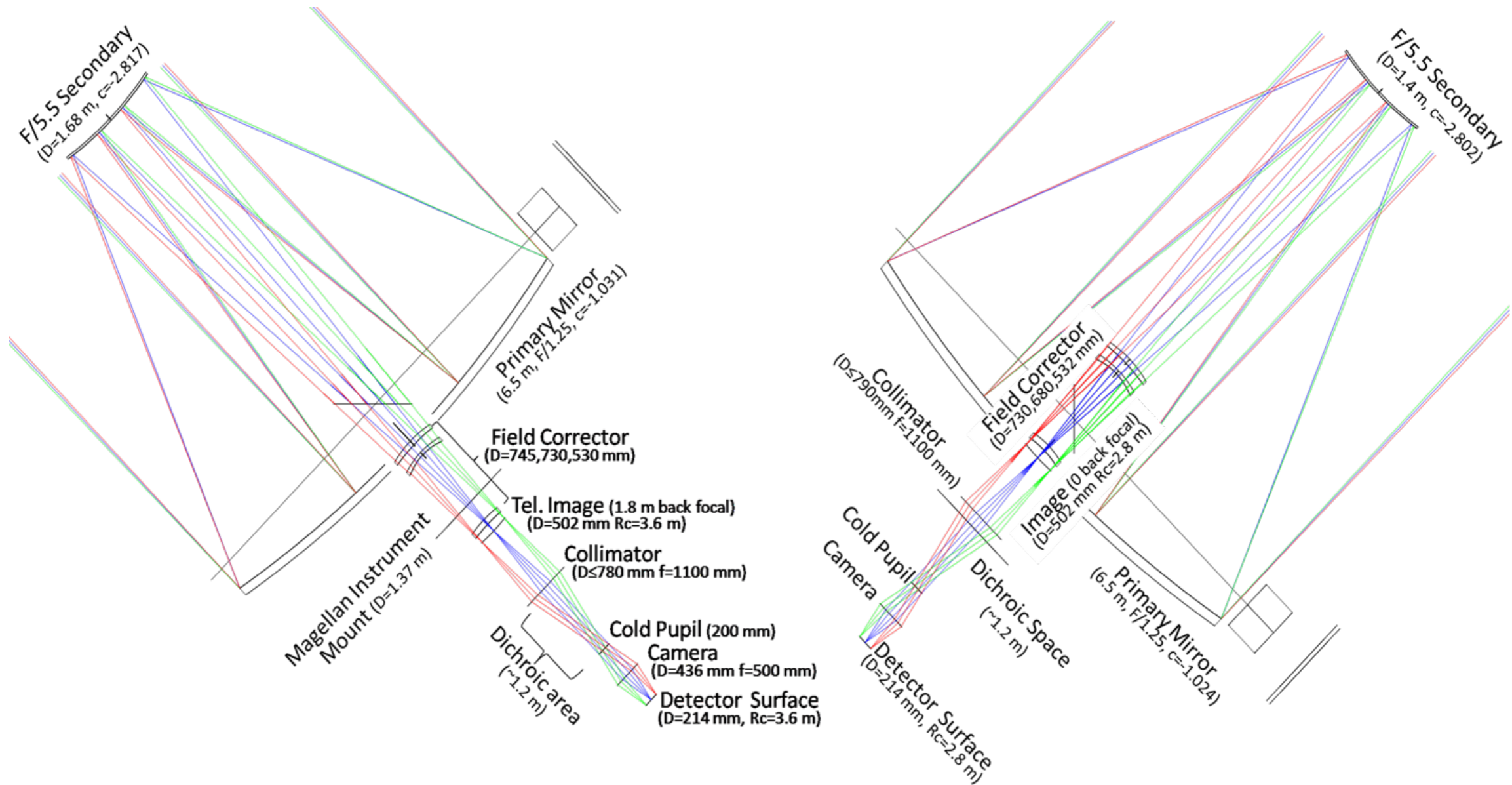
- ▶ LMT (*D. Hughes*)
- ▶ adaptive optics grid (*J. Girard*)
- ▶ great photo-z improvement over LSST (e.g. BAO)
- ▶ support for GTC & Keck/TMT

# Identifying the Killer Science:

## Discovering the High-redshift Universe

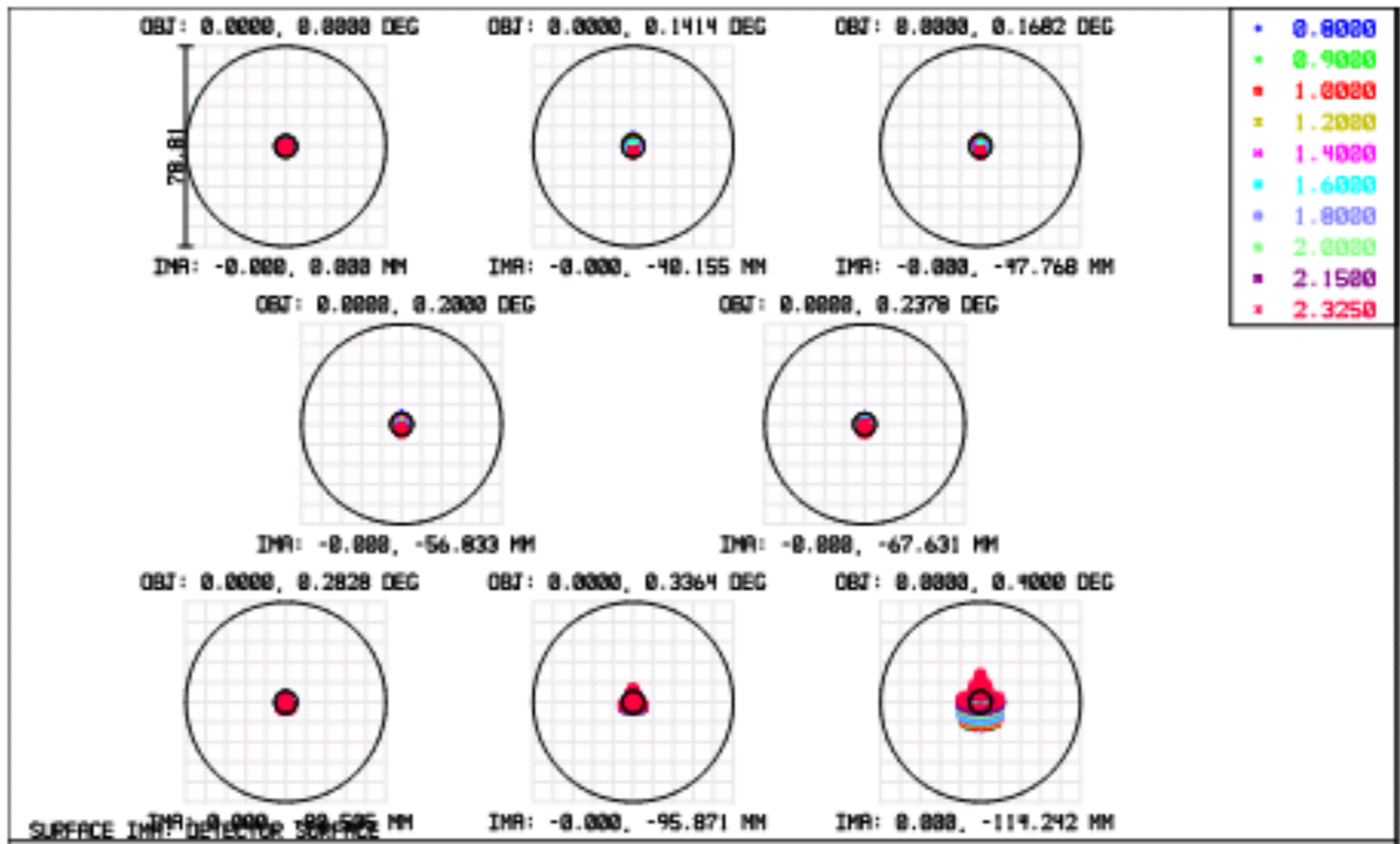


# 2 Nominal Optical Designs



details from Jesus Gonzales





- 0.8000
- 0.9000
- 1.0000
- 1.2000
- 1.4000
- 1.6000
- 1.8000
- 2.0000
- 2.1500
- 2.3250

SPOT DIAGRAM

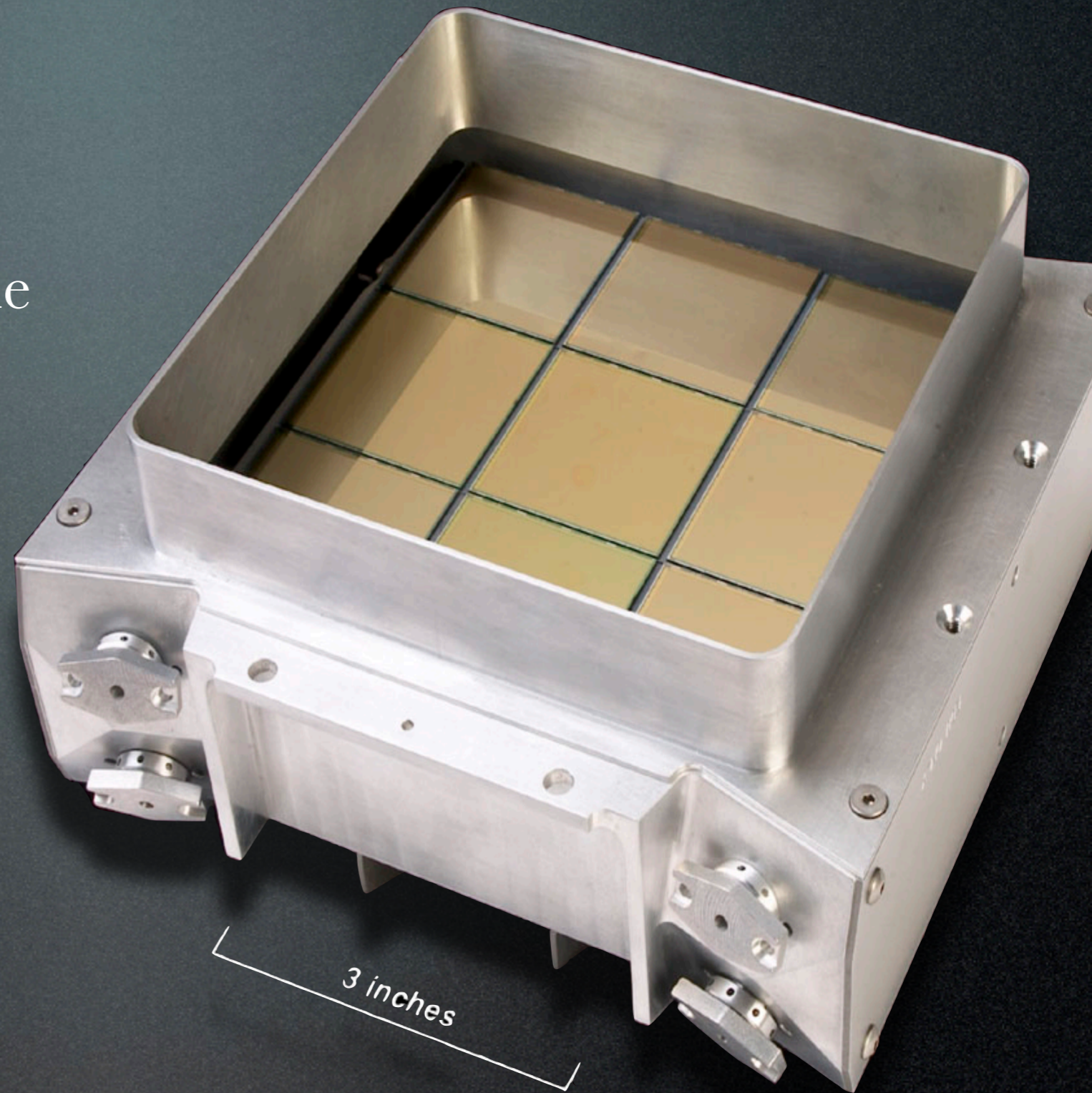
SASIR TELESCOPE (0.0 MM BACK FOCAL)  
 MON JUN 2 2008 UNITS ARE  $\mu$ M. AIRY RADIUS : 4.337  $\mu$ M

FIELD :	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
RMS RADII :	1.301	1.646	1.690	1.687	1.682	1.514	2.148	4.796
CEO RADII :	2.682	4.192	4.110	3.738	3.715	3.674	5.790	11.593
CIRCLE DIAM:	78.81							
REFERENCE :	CENTROID							

SASIR PROJECT  
 WIDE-FIELD NIR TELESCOPE  
 (PARAXIAL COLLIMATOR & CAMERA)  
 J. J. GONZALEZ (IA-UNAM)  
 CONFIGURATION 6 OF 21

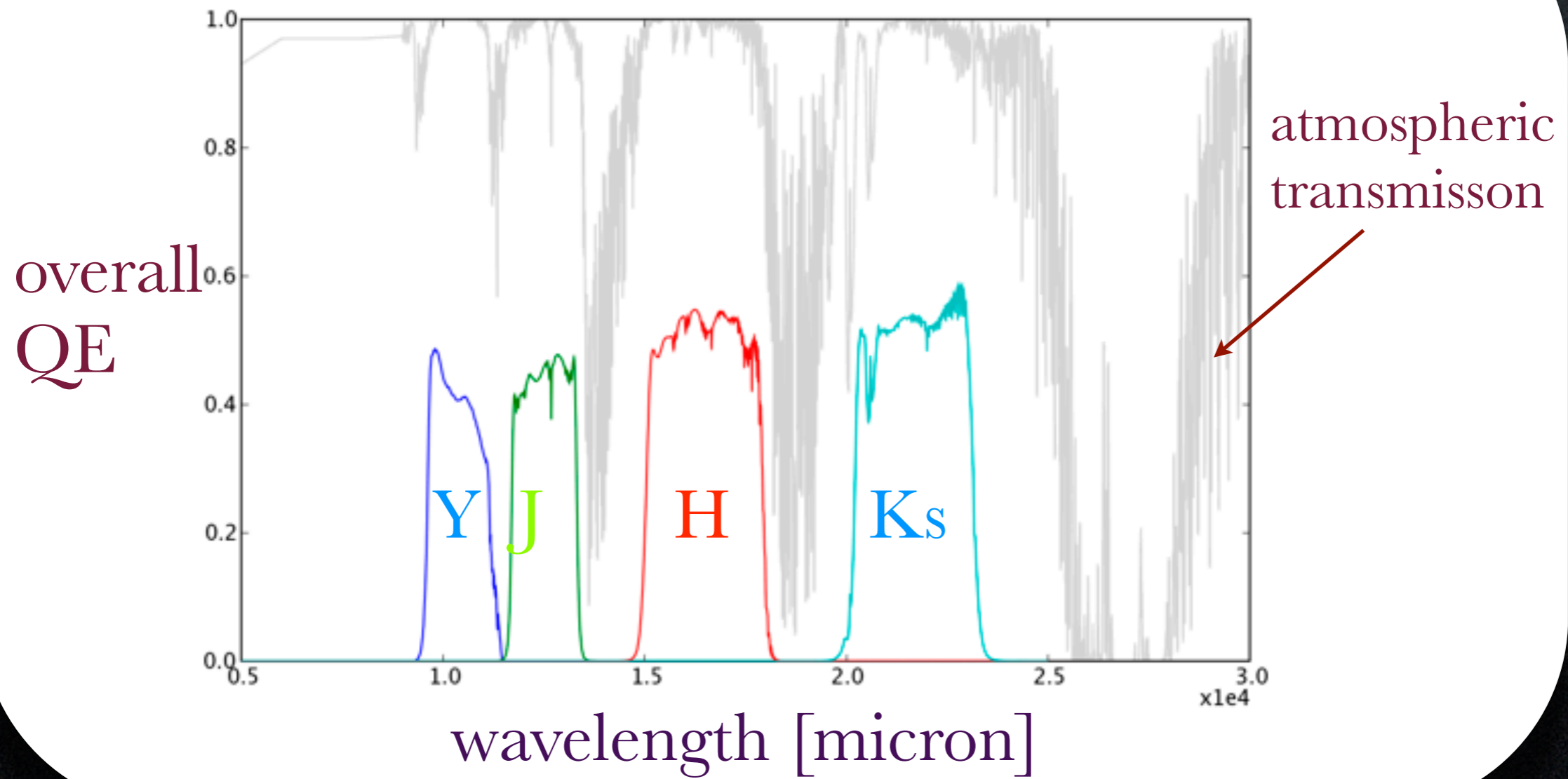
# The Camera

- 3 dichroics - size may be one of the most significant constraints ( $\sim 0.5$  m)
- cold optics
- 80 - 100 2k x 2k H2RG or VIRGO arrays (15 - 20 micron = 0.2 - 0.3"/pix)
- data rates:  $\sim 1.5$  Gb per double correlated read
  - $\sim 2$  Tb/night
  - $\sim 300$  Mbps
- \$30 - 40M



*(data flow: Peter Nugent  
detectors: Josh  
camera optics: Jesus)*

# Bandpasses (for now)



*from simple simulation code*

# Quick SASIR Simulation

```
self.filt_names = [x.name for x in self.filts]

self.get_response_curves()

def get_response_curves(self, req_range=(5000., 25000), n=2000, n_surfaces=4):
    self.lams = scipy.arange(req_range[0], req_range[1], (req_range[1] - req_range[0])/float(n))

    ## start at the atmosphere and work your way down
    ## atmospheric transmission
    self.resp = scipy.interp(self.lams, self.site.atm_trans[0], self.site.atm_trans[1])

    ## telescope
    self.resp *= scipy.interp(self.lams, self.telescope.primary_reflectance[0], self.telescope.primary_reflectance[1])
    self.resp *= scipy.interp(self.lams, self.telescope.secondary_reflectance[0], self.telescope.secondary_reflectance[1])

    ## camera
    # dewar window
    self.resp *= scipy.interp(self.lams, self.dewar_tp[0], self.dewar_tp[1])

    # internal optics coatings
    surf= scipy.interp(self.lams, self.lens_tp[0], self.lens_tp[1])
    for i in range(n_surfaces):
        self.resp *= surf

    ## array
    self.resp *= scipy.interp(self.lams, self.irarray.qe[0], self.irarray.qe[1])

    ## loop through each filter to finish up
    self.filt_response = []
```

# Comparison to Other Surveys

Filter	5 sigma limiting mag [AB]	flux density $\mu\text{Jy}$
J	18.13	202
H	17.63	320
K <sub>s</sub>	17.55	346

**2MASS**

5 sigma limiting mag [AB]	flux density $\mu\text{Jy}$
22.54	3.5
22.04	5.5
21.95	6.0

**SASIR/single epoch**

5 sigma limiting mag [AB]	flux density $\mu\text{Jy}$
<b>23.89</b>	<b>1.0</b>
<b>23.39</b>	<b>1.6</b>
<b>23.30</b>	<b>1.7</b>

**SASIR/shallow**

NOTE for a fixed S/N:

$$\text{Limiting flux ratio} \propto \sqrt{1/t} \times (\text{FWHM}) \times 1/r$$

$$\text{Limiting mag difference} = 1.25 \log t + 2.5 \log \text{FWHM} + 2.5 \log r$$

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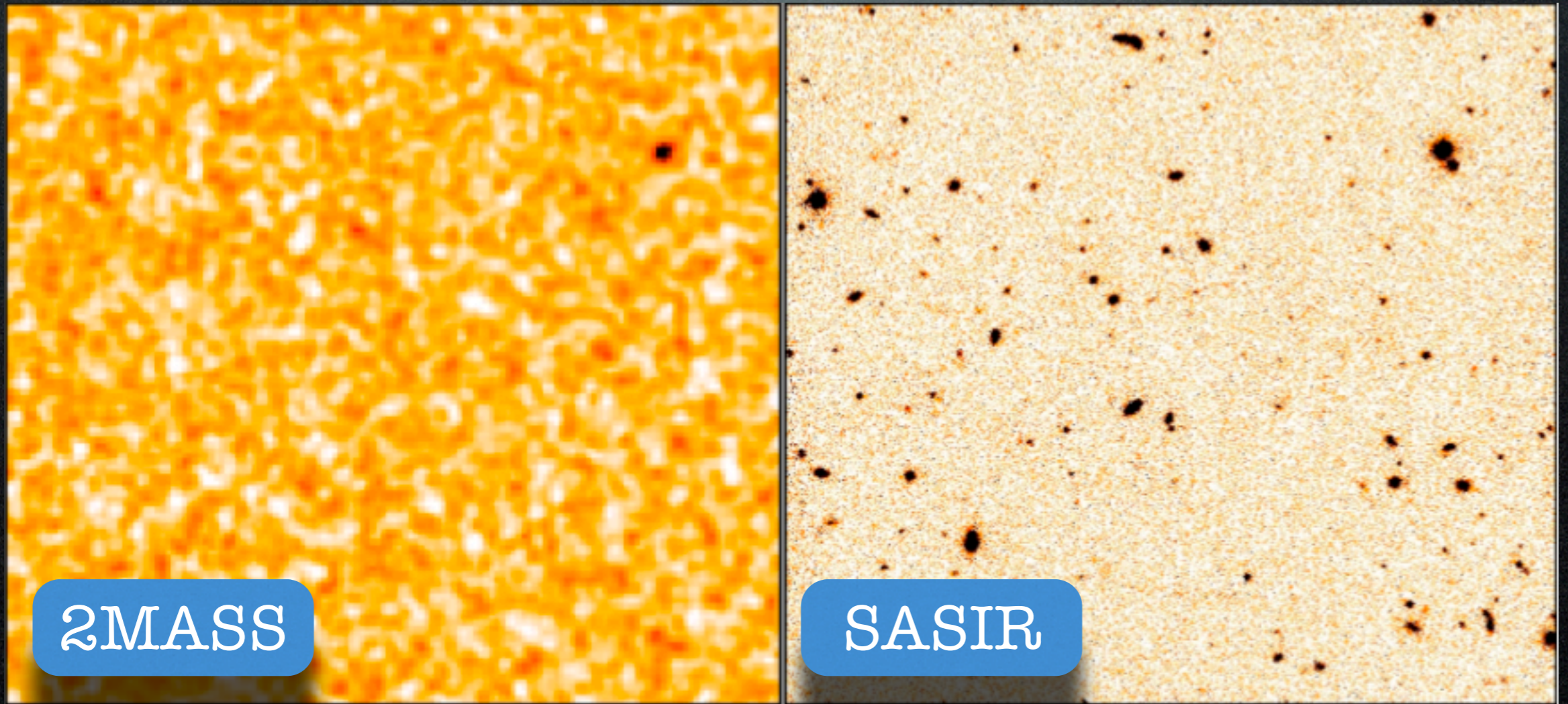
**SASIR/shallow**

**Extended Source Sensitivity ("shallow")**

Filter	5 sigma limiting mag [AB arcsec <sup>-2</sup> ]	flux density $\mu\text{Jy arcsec}^{-2}$
Y	<b>23.32</b>	<b>1.7</b>
J	<b>22.78</b>	<b>2.8</b>
H	<b>22.42</b>	<b>3.8</b>
K <sub>s</sub>	<b>22.29</b>	<b>4.4</b>

# Comparison to Other Surveys

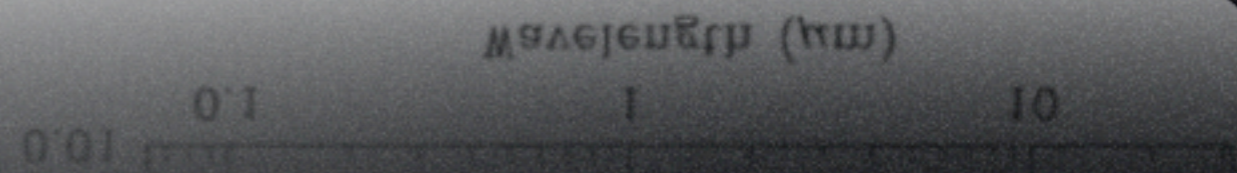
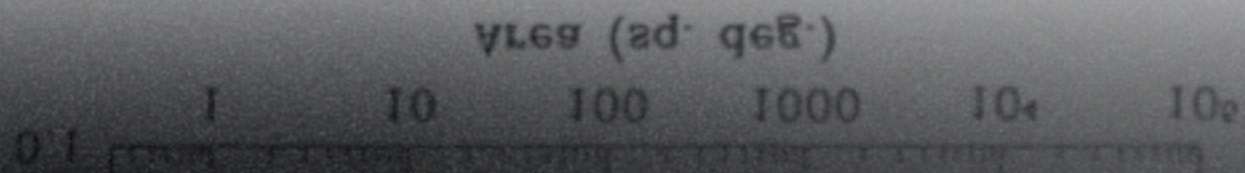
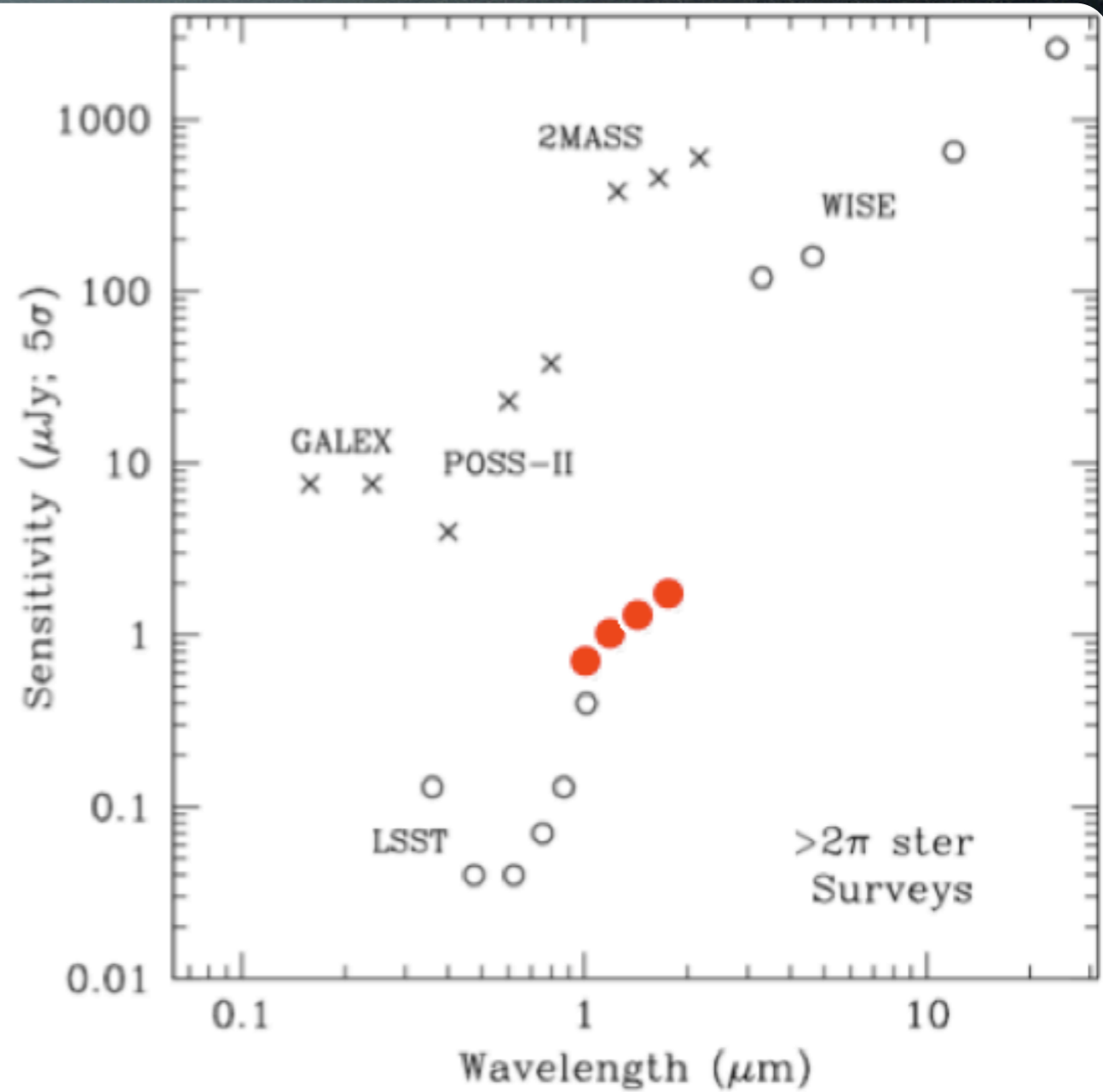
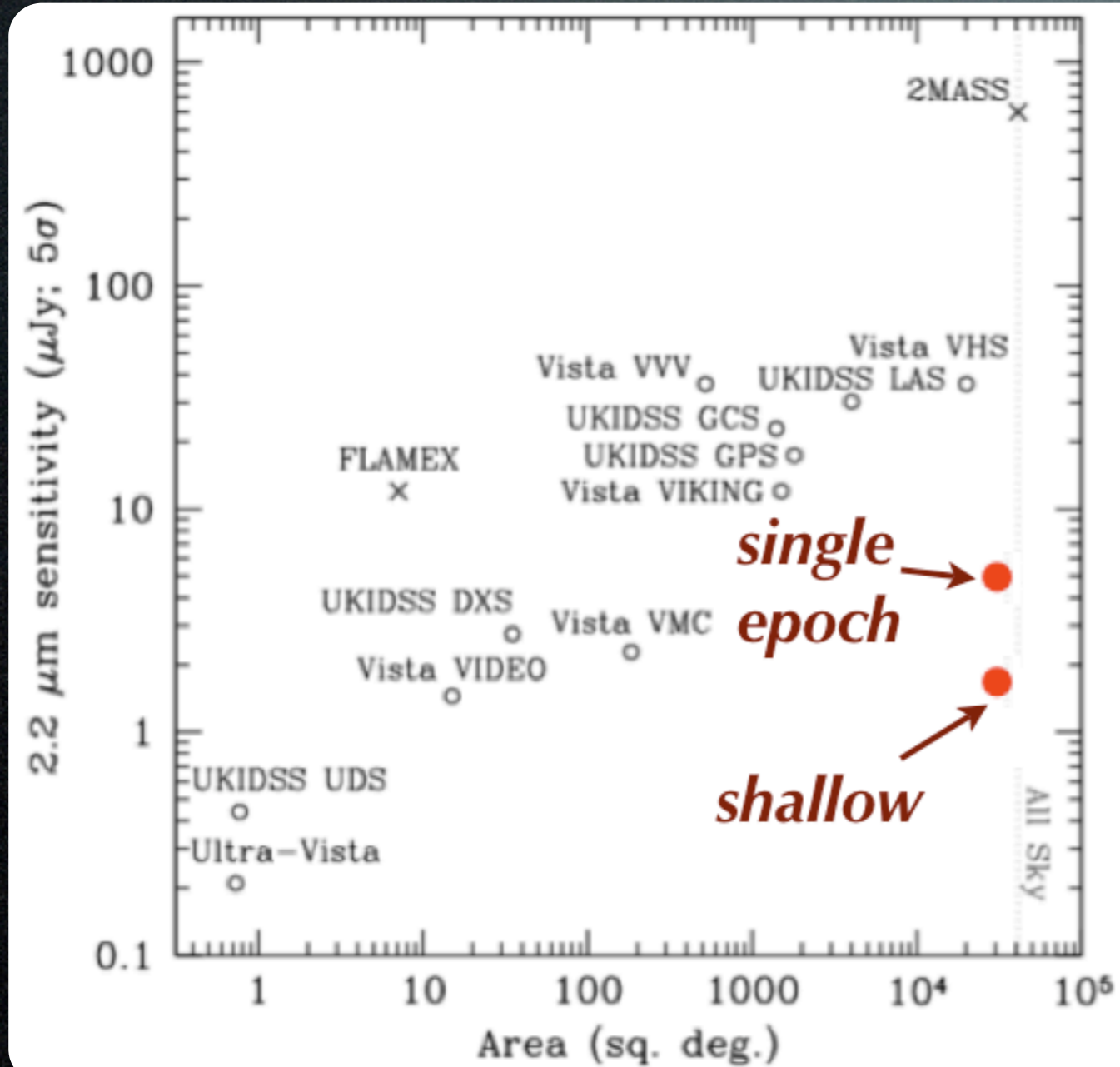
## K-band Imaging



2MASS [Skrutskie *et al.* 2006]

VLT/ISSAC (GOODS) [Retzlaff *et al.* 2008]

# Comparison to Other Surveys





# *Questions & Goals*

{ see William/Xavier's email }  
with formal questions }

# Science

▶ What are main science results you want from SASIR? (Where would we excel over existing & planned surveys?)

▶ What are the specific technical requirements of the survey to achieve this science?

## Examples:

- ♦ local cool stars parallax demands at least 3 visits, with 2 visits separated by ~6 months
- ♦ we must have K-band because...

▶ What are the synergies with planned missions (JDEM, LSST, JWST, etc.)?

# Technical

- ▶ What are the ranges of reasonable parameters for the mirror, telescope & camera?
- ▶ What are the innovations & long-lead time items we need to worry about now?
- ▶ What are the main “show stoppers” for each sub-system?

# Collaboration

- ▶ Continue to build & grow the science & technical partnerships
- ▶ Develop a roadmap for engaging our colleagues
- ▶ Start discussing details of collaboration agreement
- ▶ Start discussing extensions to partnership (i.e. other institutional partners, facility-leveraging)

# *Timeline for Action*

*[Bolte, Guichard, Franco]*

# *Funding Outlook for Design Phase*

(more from Pepe & Mike)

<b>What</b>	<b>Due</b>	<b>For What</b>	<b>Funding Profile</b>
UC-Lab Research Program	4 Aug 08 [pending]	project management, optical designer, LSST-like simulation, collaboration meetings in Mexico	\$1.5M over 3 years (2009-2011)
NSF/Advanced Technologies and Instrumentation	1 Nov 08	TBD	\$<2M over 3 years (2009-2011)
NSF/Major Research Instrumentation Program	21 Dec 08 (LOI) 22 Jan 09	TBD	\$<4M

## **Also Critical:**

SASIR whitepaper for **Decadal Survey** by March 2009